

CLAIMS

1. An image processing apparatus for converting an interlaced image data to a noninterlaced image data,

5 comprising:

a motion detection portion (3, 51) for comparing pixel data of an interlaced image (pixel data $D_i(0)$ and $D_i(+2F)$ comprising field screen $P_i(0)$ and $P_i(+2F)$, hereinafter, be described by reference numerals of the field screen to which belonging the pixel data in consideration of correspondence to drawings) to perform a motion detection;

a history value generation portions (52, 53) for generating a history value (H_k) showing the number of times that determination is continuously made to be "a still image" based on a motion detection result ($Dif(0)$) from the motion detection portion; and

a pixel data interpolation portion (4) for mixing a pixel data (P_m) generated by interpolation in a field and a pixel data (P_s) generated by interpolation between a plurality of fields based on pixel data of the interlaced image at a mixture ratio (R_{mix}) in accordance with the motion detection result ($Dif(0)$) and the history value (H_k), wherein the larger the history value (H_k) is, the larger amount of pixel data (P_s) generated by

interpolation between fields the pixel data interpolation portion (4) mixes.

2. An image processing apparatus as set forth in claim 1, wherein said pixel data interpolation portion (4)

5 comprises;

an in-field interpolation portion (41) for generating the pixel data (P_m) by interpolation from a pixel data ($P_i(+F)$) in a field;

an inter-field interpolation portion (42) for
10 generating the pixel data (P_s) by interpolation from pixel data ($P_i(+F)$ and $P_i(+2F)$) in a plurality of fields;

a pixel data mixing portion (43) for mixing the pixel data (P_m) from the in-field interpolation portion (41) and the pixel data (P_s) from the inter-field
15 interpolation portion (42) at a predetermined mixture ratio (R_{mix}); and

a mixture ratio setting portion (44) for changing the mixture ratio (R_{mix}) determined by the motion detection result ($Dif(0)$) of the motion detection portion
20 (3, 51) and the history value (H_k) in such a way that the larger the history value (H_k) is, the higher a ratio of the pixel data (P_s) from the inter-field interpolation portion (42) becomes.

3. An image processing apparatus as set forth in claim
25 1, wherein said history value generation portions (52,

53) generates a history value ($H_k(+2F)$) for interpolation of an adjacent pixel in a field delayed by one field from a field where a pixel data to be generated by the interpolation and updates with respect to each
5 interpolation.

4. An image processing apparatus as set forth in claim 1, wherein said history value generation portions (52, 53) generates a history value ($H_k(+F)$) for an interpolation of an adjacent pixel in a field differing
10 from a field where a pixel data to be generated by the interpolation, generates a history value ($H_k(+2F)$) for an interpolation of an adjacent pixel in the same field where a pixel data to be generated by the interpolation, and updates respectively with respect to each
15 interpolation.

5. An image processing method of converting an interlaced image data to a noninterlaced image data, comprising the steps of:
motion-detecting by comparing pixel data ($P_i(0)$ and
20 $P_i(+2F)$) of an interlaced image pixel-by-pixel between frames to perform a motion detection;

generating a history value (H_k) showing the number of times that determination is continuously made to be "a still image" based on a result of the motion detection;
25 and

interpolating by mixing pixel data (P_m) generated by interpolation in a field and pixel data (P_s) generated by interpolation between a plurality of fields based on pixel data of the interlaced image at a mixture ratio

5 (R_{mix}) in accordance with the motion detection result ($Dif(0)$) and the history value (H_k), wherein the larger the history value (H_k) is, the larger amount of pixel data (P_s) generated by interpolation between fields mixes.

6. An image processing method as set forth in claim 5,
10 wherein said interpolating step of pixel data further comprises;

in-field interpolating by generating the pixel data (P_m) of a line having no pixel data in a field by interpolation from pixel data ($P_i(+F)$) in the filed;

15 inter-field interpolating by generating the pixel data (P_s) by interpolation from pixel data ($P_i(+F)$ and $P_i(+2F)$) in a plurality of filed;

mixing of pixel data by mixing the pixel data (P_m) generated by the in-field interpolating and the pixel
20 data (P_s) generated by the inter-field interpolation portion (42) at a predetermined mixture ratio (R_{mix}); and

setting of a mixture ratio by changing the mixture ratio (R_{mix}) determined by the motion detection result ($Dif(0)$) of the motion detection and the history value
25 (H_k) in such a way that the larger the history value (H_k)

is, the higher a ratio of the pixel data (Ps) generated by the inter-field interpolating becomes.